# Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### STATEMENT OF RESPONSIBILITY

The accompanying financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the Eastern Regional Service Board (the Board) and have been prepared in compliance with legislation, and in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards (PSAS) established by the Public Sector Accounting Board of the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

In carrying out its responsibilities, management maintains appropriate systems of internal and administrative controls designed to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are executed in accordance with proper authorization, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial information produced is relevant and reliable.

The Board of Directors of the Board met with management and its external auditors to review a draft of the financial statements and to discuss any significant financial reporting or internal control matters prior to their approval of the finalized financial statements.

Harris Ryan Chartered Professional Accountants, as the Board's appointed external auditors, have audited the financial statements. The Auditor's report is addressed to the members of the Board and appears on the following page. Their opinion is based upon an examination conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, performing such tests and other procedures as they consider necessary to obtain reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free of material misstatement and present fairly the financial position and results of the Board in accordance with Canadian Public Sector Accounting Standards.

Mr. Stephen Tessier

Chairperson

Ms. Lynn Tucker

Chief Administrative Officer

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Eastern Regional Service Board

#### **Qualified Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Eastern Regional Service Board (the organization), which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2022, and the statements of changes in annual surplus (deficit), operations, changes in net financial assets and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter described in the *Basis for Qualified Opinion* section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at December 31, 2022, and the results of its operations and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS)

#### Basis for Qualified Opinion

Eastern Regional Service Board derives revenue from waste management fees the completeness of which is not susceptible of satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our verification of these revenues was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the organization and we were not able to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to revenue, annual surplus, and cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2022, or to assets and net financial assets as at December 31, 2022.. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2021 was modified accordingly because of the possible effects of this limitation of scope.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with PSAS, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

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#### Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Eastern Regional Service Board (continued)

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
  organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador April 19, 2023

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

Harris Lyan Reference Caponation

## **Statement of Financial Position**

**December 31, 2022** 

	2022	2021 (Restated)
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 3,657,340	<b>6</b> \$ 4,457,307
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	912,51	
Harmonized sales tax recoverable	989,26	501,060
	5,559,120	5,801,221
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable (Note 6)	598,720	575,094
Employee deductions payable	19,104	<b>4</b> 31,124
Deferred revenue (Note 8)	20,000	100,000
Bid and performance bonds	293,95 <sup>-</sup>	1 272,370
Accrued severance (Note 7)	259,65	<b>1</b> 229,015
	1,191,420	<b>6</b> 1,207,603
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	4,367,694	4,593,618
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	149,284	<b>4</b> 114,690
Tangible capital assets (Note 5)	5,366,283	5,851,500
	5,515,56	5,966,190
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 9,883,26°	<b>1</b> \$ 10,559,808

ON BEHALF	OF THE	BOARD
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_ Director
Director

## EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Budget 2022	2022	2021 (Restated)
ANNUAL DEFICIT	\$ (1,431,059)	\$ (676,547)	\$ (251,330)
Amortization of tangible capital assets Purchase of tangible capital assets Decrease (increase) in prepaid expenses	621,922 - -	621,922 (136,705) (34,594)	525,169 (1,430,769) 759,531
	621,922	450,623	(146,069)
DECREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	(809,137)	(225,924)	(397,399)
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	4,593,618	4,593,618	4,991,017
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 3,784,481	\$ 4,367,694	\$ 4,593,618

## EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Statement of Changes in Annual Surplus (Deficit) Year Ended December 31, 2022

	2022	2021 (Restated)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (DEFICIT) - BEGINNING OF YEAR		
As previously reported	\$ 10,559,808	\$ 11,005,346
Prior period adjustment (Note 14)	-	(194,208)
As restated	10,559,808	10,811,138
ANNUAL DEFICIT	(676,547)	(251,330)
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS (DEFICIT) - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,883,261	\$ 10,559,808

## EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Budget 2022 (Note 13)		Total 2022		Total 2021 (Restated)
REVENUES						
Clarenville transfer station	\$	306,500	\$	470,211	\$	477,884
Government grants	Ψ	75,000	Ψ	160,000	Ψ	54,710
Tipping fees		3,300,000		3,300,000		3,300,000
Waste management fees		4,525,800		4,272,748		4,066,827
Metals recycling revenue		123,750		57,597		64,990
Fire and emergency services revenue		87,500		19,802		35,106
		8,418,550		8,280,358		7,999,517
EXPENSES						
Advertising and promotion		96,000		11,588		20,362
Amortization		621,922		621,922		525,169
Bad debts (recovery)		90,000		(59,306)		291,264
Business taxes, licenses and memberships		28,800		37,236		25,643
Directors fees		100,000		84,429		63,519
Insurance		174,000		145,239		148,591
Interest and bank charges		42,000		27,016		27,317
Office		115,950		45,565		35,412
Professional fees		225,036		98,057		121,746
Regional waste management operations		421,250		397,426		350,157
Rental		86,000		80,313		80,313
Repairs and maintenance		258,033		33,669		33,832
Salaries and wages		2,310,746		1,919,265		1,708,689
Telephone		169,750		36,935		35,827
Tipping fees Clarenville		432,012		507,993		463,782
Training		79,500		67,335		11,524
Travel		42,500		33,655		6,645
Vehicle		612,782		789,781		836,478
Waste collection operations		4,038,328		4,368,155		3,690,105
		9,944,609		9,246,273		8,476,375
DEFICIT FROM OPERATIONS		(1,526,059)		(965,915)		(476,858)
OTHER INCOME						
Interest income		60,000		277,858		222,380
Miscellaneous revenue		35,000		11,510		3,148
		95,000		289,368		225,528
ANNUAL DEFICIT	\$	(1,431,059)	\$	(676,547)	\$	(251,330)

## **Statement of Cash Flows**

Year Ended December 31, 2022

		2022	2021 (Restated)
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Annual deficit	\$	(676,547)	\$ (251,330)
Item not affecting cash:	·	, ,	, ,
Amortization of tangible capital assets		621,922	525,169
		(54,625)	273,839
Changes in non-cash working capital:			
Accounts receivable		(69,659)	482,345
Accounts payable		`23,626	(417,600)
Deferred revenue		(80,000)	80,000
Prepaid expenses		(34,594)	759,531
Harmonized sales tax receivable		(488,201)	(171,574)
Employee deductions payable		(12,020)	1,859
Bid and performance bonds		21,581	(23,034)
Accrued severance		30,636	34,807
		(608,631)	746,334
Cash flow from (used by) operating activities		(663,256)	1,020,173
INVESTING ACTIVITY			
Purchase of tangible capital assets		(136,705)	(1,430,769)
Cash flow used by investing activity		(136,705)	(1,430,769)
DECREASE IN CASH FLOW		(799,961)	(410,596)
Cash - beginning of year		4,457,307	4,867,903
CASH - END OF YEAR	\$	3,657,346	\$ 4,457,307
CASH FLOWS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION			
Interest received	\$	(277,858)	\$ (222,380)
Interest paid	\$	27,016	\$ 27,318

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### 1. PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Eastern Regional Service Board (the "organization") was established in September of 2011 by the Province of Newfoundland under the authority of the Regional Services Board Act, 2012. The organization has been given the mandate to modernize the waste management system in the region, develop regional fire protection and work with several clusters of communities to improve drinking water and waste water treatment under the Community Sustainability Partnership.

In order to fulfill these mandates the organization has completed a network of infrastructure for the waste management system including a transfer station in Clarenville and ten waste recovery facilities (including one at the Clarenville site). To assist communities with drinking water and waste water treatment the organization has hired an engineer to provide advice to communities. As a service provider for fire protection the organization has contracted with one municipality to provide services through their volunteer fire department in the unincorporated area adjacent to the municipality.

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

#### Revenue recognition

Government transfers with stipulations restricting their use are recognized as revenue when the transfer is authorized and the eligibility criteria are met, except when and to the extent the transfer gives rise to an obligation that constitutes a liability. When the transfer gives rise to an obligation that constitutes a liability, the transfer is recognized in revenue when the liability is settled.

Tipping and waste management fees are recognized as revenues as the services are provided in the related period, and when collection is reasonably assured.

Interest is recognized as earned. Other revenues are recognized when earned, collection is reasonably assured and a reasonable estimate can be determined of the amounts.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with the bank and investments held in cashable guaranteed investment certificates. Cashable guaranteed investment certificates are valued at cost plus accrued interest.

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#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### 2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization and are amortized over their estimated useful lives at the following rates and methods:

Land non-depreciable **Buildinas** 4% declining balance method 20% declining balance method Furniture and equipment Computer equipment 55% declining balance method Computer software 100% declining balance method 30% declining balance method Heavy equipment 5 years straight-line method Leasehold improvements Motor vehicles 30% declining balance method

The organization regularly reviews its tangible capital assets to eliminate obsolete items. Government grants are treated as a reduction of tangible capital assets cost.

#### Impairment of long lived assets

The organization tests for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount of the assets may not be recoverable. Recoverability is assessed by comparing the carrying amount to the projected future net cash flows the long-lived assets are expected to generate through their direct use and eventual disposition. When a test for impairment indicates that the carrying amount of an asset is not recoverable, an impairment loss is recognized to the extent the carrying value exceeds its fair value.

#### Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets include tangible capital assets and prepaid expenses used to provide services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the organization unless they are sold.

#### Deferred revenue

Deferred revenue is comprised of revenue amounts that are received in advance of the services being provided.

#### Severance

The organization accounts for severance pay on an accrual basis. Severance benefits are provided to employees upon cessation of employment.

#### Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with PSAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Significant items subject to estimates include amortization of tangible capital assets and valuation of accounts receivable. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

## Year Ended December 31, 2022

3.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALE	ENTS						
							2022	2021
	Cash in bank Guaranteed investment ce	rtificates	ı			\$	1,336,167 2,321,179	\$ 2,195,353 2,261,954
						\$	3,657,346	\$ 4,457,307
	Cash and cash equivalents	are inte	ernally restric	ted t	to:			
	Capital reserve - Regional Capital reserve - Curbside Operational reserve Unappropriated surplus (de	eficit)			:	\$	2,376,234 430,000 1,740,000 (888,888) 3,657,346	2,376,234 430,000 1,740,000 (88,927) 4,457,307
4.	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE						2022	2021
	Waste management fees r Allowance for doubtful acc		е			\$	2,619,837 (1,707,324)	\$ 2,609,484 (1,766,630)
						\$	912,513	\$ 842,854
5.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EC	UIPMEN	NT					
			Cost		ccumulated mortization	ı	2022 Net book value	2021 Net book value
	Land Buildings Motor vehicles Computer equipment Computer software	\$	2,288,126 2,157,624 304,435 67,645 5,544 5,988,956	\$	- 450,441 190,305 61,141 5,544 4,817,273	\$	2,288,126 1,707,183 114,130 6,504 - 1,171,683	\$ 2,288,126 1,778,315 90,356 3,326 - 1,645,335
	Heavy equipment Furniture and equipment Leasehold improvements		168,830 3,106		90,173 3,106		78,657 -	46,042 -

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

6.	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
		2022	2021
	Trade payables Other accruals	\$ 391,122 207,598	\$ 374,584 200,510
		\$ 598,720	\$ 575,094
7.	ACCRUED SEVERANCE	2022	2021
	Accrued severance	\$ 259,651	\$ 229,015

The organization provides severance benefits to employees upon cessation of employment. Permanent employees become eligible following 5 years of service. The amount of severance is obtained by multiplying the number of years of continuous service by the employee's weekly salary to a maximum of twenty (20) weeks' pay, unless otherwise negotiated by an employment contract.

#### 8. DEFERRED REVENUE

	2022	2021
Regional Water/Wastewater Operator Program	\$ 20,000	\$ 100,000

In 2022, the organization received \$80,000 from the Provincial government to fund a Regional Water/Wastewater Operator Pilot Program. At December 31, 2022, \$20,000 of this funding remained unspent.

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

#### Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### 9. ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

In addition to investments in tangible capital assets, the board has set up reserves from the accumulated surplus to ensure future obligations of the organization can be met. These reserves are internally restricted by the board to be used only for the purpose for which they are set up. The board allocates funds to these reserves as deemed necessary.

		2022		2021 (Restated)
The accumulated surplus consists of the following:				
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$	5,366,283	\$	5,851,500
Capital reserve - Regional	•	2,376,234	•	2,376,234
Capital reserve - Curbside		430,000		430,000
Operational reserve		1,740,000		1,740,000
Unappropriated surplus (deficit)		(29,256)		162,074
	\$	9,883,261	\$	10,559,808

- The regional capital reserve was established for building and equipment replacements and future site closures for waste recovery facilities, transfer station and regional equipment.
- The curbside capital reserve was established for equipment replacement and unforeseen expenses for the curbside collection program. The organization ceased the curbside collection program during fiscal 2020.
- The operational reserve was established for funding of operating deficits and for unbudgeted/unforeseen expenses.

#### 10. TIPPING FEES

The Government of Newfoundland and Labrador has officially designated the Robin Hood Bay Waste Management Facility, which is owned and operated by the City of St. John's, as the site for the Eastern Region's Integrated Waste Management Facility. Eastern Regional Service Board contracts with the City of St. John's to provide waste disposal services for other municipalities in the Eastern Region.

Tipping fees charged per tonne at the Robin Hood Bay Waste Management Facility are determined annually by Eastern Regional Service Board based on estimated tonnage and budgeted costs to operate both Eastern Regional Service Board and the Robin Hood Bay Waste Management Facility. Operational funding is provided to Eastern Regional Service Board from tipping fees collected from facility users to the extent required in its annual budget.

#### 11. COMMITMENTS

The organization has a long term lease with respect to its premises, which expires March 31, 2024. Future minimum lease payments, excluding HST, as at December 31, 2022, are as follows:

2023	\$ 77,012
2024	19.252

#### **Notes to Financial Statements**

Year Ended December 31, 2022

#### 12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2022.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the organization reviews a new customer's credit history before extending credit and conducts regular reviews of its existing customers' credit performance. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The organization has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

#### 13. BUDGET

The organization approves a budget each fiscal year which is prepared on a revenue and expenditure basis, so does not meet the requirements of PSAS. The reconciliation of the organization's cash based budget to the PSAS accrual based budget presented in these financial statements is disclosed in Schedule 1.

#### 14. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT

During the year, it was determined that the organization had not recorded its liability for a severance accrual from prior years, as a result, the financial statements have been adjusted retrospectively to correct this error. These adjustments have resulted in a decrease in opening accumulated surplus of \$194,208, an increase in annual deficit of \$34,807, and recording of an accrued severance of \$229,015 for the year ended December 31, 2021.

(Schedule 1)

Year Ended December 31, 2022

		Board Budget	Amortization		Capital Expenditures	Res	Reserves	HST Rebates		PSAS Budget
REVENUES										
Clarenville transfer station	↔	306,500	 €	↔		↔		€	↔	306,500
Government grants		75,000								75,000
Tipping fees		3,300,000								3,300,000
Waste management fees		4.525.800								4.525.800
Metals recycling revenue		123,750								123.750
HST rehates		659,137						(659, 137)	2	1
Fire and emergency services revenue		87,500								87.500
Interest		000 09								000 09
Reserve funding		150,000				(15	(150,000)			
Miscellaneous revenue		35,000								35,000
		9,322,687	•			(15	(150,000)	(659,137)	(2	8,513,550
EXPENSES										
Advertising and promotion		000'96								96,000
Amortization			621,922							621,922
Bad debts		90,000								000'06
Business taxes, licenses and memberships		28,800								28,800
Directors fees		100,000								100,000
Insurance		174,000								174,000
Interest and bank charges		42,000								42,000
Office		115,950								115,950
Professional fees		225,036								225,036
Regional waste management operations		421,250								421,250
Rental		86,000								86,000
Repairs and maintenance		258,033								258,033
Salaries and wages		2,310,746								2,310,746
Tipping fees Clarenville		432,012								432,012
Telephone		169,750								169,750
Training		79,500								79,500
Travel		42,500								42,500
Vehicle		612,782								612,782
Waste collection operations		4,038,328								4,038,328
	€	9,322,687	 \$ 621,922	↔		↔		· ₩	↔	9,944,609
DEFICIT FROM OPERATIONS									↔	(1,431,059)