EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Financial Statements Year Ended December 31, 2017



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Year Ended December 31, 2017

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Members of Eastern Regional Service Board

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Eastern Regional Service Board, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2017 and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets, changes in accumulated surplus and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Eastern Regional Service Board as at December 31, 2017 and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

St. John's, Newfoundland and Labrador March 28, 2018

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Statement of Financial Position

December 31, 2017

FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents (Note 3)	\$ 1,445,379	\$ 414,721
Accounts receivable (Note 4)	971,258	850,485
Harmonized sales tax recoverable	86,734	321,003
Guaranteed investment certificates (Note 3)	4,367,242	4,333,024
	6,870,613	5,919,233
LIABILITIES		
Accounts payable (Note 6)	578,228	569,152
Employee deductions payable	20,409	309,132
Deferred income (Note 7)		1 212 472
	1,540,371	1,313,472
Obligations under capital lease (Note 10)	257,754	388,905
	2,396,762	2,271,529
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	4,473,851	3,647,704
NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS		
Prepaid expenses	106,908	89,449
Tangible capital assets (Note 5)	4,726,647	4,685,888
	4,833,555	4,775,337
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS	\$ 9,307,406	\$ 8,423,041

ON BEHALF OF BOARD

Director

EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Statement of Changes in Net Financial Assets Year Ended December 31, 2017

	9	
	2017	2016
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$ 884,365	\$ 1,301,054
Amortization of tangible capital assets Purchase of tangible capital assets Increase in prepaid expenses	932,244 (973,006) (17,459)	935,312 (991,871) (16,788)
	 (58,221)	 (73,347)
INCREASE IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS	826,144	1,227,707
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	 3,647,706	2,419,999
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS - END OF YEAR	\$ 4,473,850	\$ 3,647,706

EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Statement of Changes in Accumulated Surplus Year Ended December 31, 2017

	 2017	2016
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 8,423,041	\$ 7,121,987
SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	 884,365	1,301,054
ACCUMULATED SURPLUS - END OF YEAR	\$ 9,307,406	\$ 8,423,041

EASTERN REGIONAL SERVICE BOARD Statement of Operations Year Ended December 31, 2017

		Budget 2017		Total 2017		Total 2016
DEVENUE O						
REVENUES Clarenville transfer station	\$	634,500	\$	373,019	\$	480,098
Government grants	Ψ	77,500	Ψ	77,500	Ψ	240,522
Tipping fees		3,343,752		3,395,752		3,367,536
Waste management fees		5,280,000		5,083,395		5,219,708
Metals recycling revenue		50,000		148,365		51,698
Capital government grants		-		609,950		489,520
		9,385,752		9,687,981		9,849,082
		9,300,732		3,007,301		9,049,002
EXPENSES		75.000		74.440		100 170
Advertising and promotion		75,000		74,113		139,472
Amortization		-		932,244		935,311
Bad debts		90,000		186,971		209,236
Business taxes, licenses and memberships		-		33,166		19,497
Directors fees		-		86,355		97,355
Insurance		85,000		106,215		86,824
Interest and bank charges		15,000		41,399		35,114
Interest on obligations under capital lease		-		16,137		22,250
Office		57,800		54,777		53,400
Regional waste management operations		439,090		359,671		176,889
Waste collection operations		4,268,432		3,155,927		3,357,931
Waste recovery facilities - site development		-		309,154		247,496
Professional fees		115,000		115,495		66,778
Rental		177,000		139,487		150,880
Repairs and maintenance		140,000		44,456		40,719
Salaries and wages		2,075,752		2,045,098		2,003,296
Telephone		44,500		40,590		37,455
Tipping Fees Clarenville		759,288		327,451		284,683
Training		32,904		28,690		57,545
Travel		50,000		48,851		72,544
Vehicle		708,132		1,017,129		836,514
		9,132,898		9,163,376		8,931,189
SURPLUS FROM OPERATIONS		252,854		524,605		917,893
OTHER INCOME						
Interest income		34,500		344,482		363,303
Miscellaneous revenue		1,000		15,278		19,858
		35,500		359,760		383,161
ANNUAL SURPLUS	\$	288,354	\$	884,365	\$	1,301,054

Statement of Cash Flows

Year Ended December 31, 2017

	201	7	 2016
OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Surplus	\$ 884	1,365	\$ 1,301,054
Item not affecting cash:			
Amortization of tangible capital assets	932	2,244	 935,311
	1,816	5,609	2,236,365
Changes in non-cash working capital:			
Accounts receivable	(120),773)	(190,620)
Accounts payable		080,6	(261,565)
Deferred income	220	5,899	(1,231,286)
Prepaid expenses		7,459)	(16,787)
Harmonized sales tax payable		1,269	(151,185)
Employee deductions payable	20),409	 (32,761)
	352	2,425	(1,884,204)
Cash flow from operating activities	2,169	0,034	352,161
INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase of tangible capital assets	(973	3,006)	(991,871)
Purchase of guaranteed investment certificates		1,218)	 (248,517)
Cash flow used by investing activities	(1,007	7,224)	(1,240,388)
FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Repayment of obligations under capital lease	(13	1,152)	(125,039)
Cash flow used by financing activity	(13	1,152)	(125,039)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH FLOW	1,030),658	(1,013,266)
Cash - beginning of year	414	1,721	1,427,987
CASH - END OF YEAR	1,44	5,379	414,721
CASH FLOWS SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION			
Interest received	\$ (344	1,482)	\$ (363,303)
Interest paid	\$ 57	7,537	\$ 57,365

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2017

PURPOSE OF THE ORGANIZATION

The Eastern Regional Service Board (the "organization") was established in September of 2011 by the Province of Newfoundland under the authority of the Regional Services Board Act, 2012. The Board has been given the mandate to modernize the waste management system in the region, develop regional fire protection and work with several clusters of communities to improve drinking water and waste water treatment under the Community Sustainability Partnership.

In order to fulfill these mandates the Board has completed a network of infrastructure for the waste management system including a transfer station in Clarenville, ten waste recovery facilities (including one at the Clarenville site), and developed a fleet of vehicles and hired staff for a curbside collection program. To assist communities with drinking water and waste water treatment the Board has hired an engineer to provide advice to communities. As a service provider for fire protection the Board has contracted with one municipality to provide services through their volunteer fire department in the unincorporated area adjacent to the municipality. This model of service delivery was expanded in 2017.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of presentation

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards (PSAS).

Revenue recognition

Government transfers with stipulations restricting their use are recognized as revenue when the transfer is authorized and the eligibility criteria are met, except when and to the extent the transfer gives rise to an obligation that constitutes a liability. When the transfer gives rise to an obligation that constitutes a liability, the transfer is recognized in revenue when the liability is settled.

Government transfers received with associated stipulations relating to the purchase of capital assets, are recognized as revenue when the related assets are aguired.

Tipping fee revenues are provided to the extent required in the organization's annual budget and are recognized as revenue when received. Tipping fees received in advance are recorded as deferred income.

Waste management fee revenues are invoiced annually and are recognized as revenue when invoiced to customers. Metals recycling revenues are also recognized as revenue when invoiced.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with the bank and investments held in cashable guaranteed investment certificates. Cashable guaranteed investment certificates are valued at cost plus accrued interest.

Guaranteed investment certificates

Guaranteed investment certificates include those certificates which are locked in and have maturities beyond one year. These investments are carried at cost plus accrued interest.

(continues)

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2017

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Tangible capital assets

Tangible capital assets are stated at cost or deemed cost less accumulated amortization. Tangible capital assets are amortized over their estimated useful lives on a declining balance basis at the following rates and methods:

Land Buildings Furniture and equipment Computer equipment Computer software Heavy equipment Heavy equipment under	4% 20% 55% 100% 30% 30%	non-depreciable declining balance method
capital lease Leasehold improvements Motor vehicles	5 years 30%	straight-line method declining balance method

The organization regularly reviews its tangible capital assets to eliminate obsolete items.

Tangible capital assets acquired during the year but not placed into use are not amortized until they are placed into use.

Leases

Leases are classified as either capital or operating leases. A lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership is classified as a capital lease. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset is recorded with its related long-term obligation to reflect the acquisition and financing. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and rental payments are expensed as incurred.

Non-financial assets

Non-financial assets include all assets of a fixed or permanent nature, claims to goods and services, and consumable goods.

Deferred income

Deferred income is comprised of the unspent portions of government grants designated for the construction and engineering of the Clarenville waste transfer station, waste recovery facilities, as well as costs associated with the closure of various dump sites previously used in the eastern region. Due to the nature of this liability, these amounts will be recognized into income as the funds are spent on approved projects.

Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Such estimates are periodically reviewed and any adjustments necessary are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known. Actual results could differ from these estimates.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2017

Jin Malanger				100000000000000000000000000000000000000	CONTROL SERVICE SERVICES				
3.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENT	S							
							2017		2016
	Captial reserve - Regional Capital reserve - Curbside Operational reserve Unrestricted cash					\$	856,234 280,000 1,319,200 3,357,187	\$	536,234 130,000 969,200 3,112,311
a security						\$	5,812,621	\$	4,747,745
					PARTE SEASON SERVICES		MICE ROOF OUR MANAGEMENT AND BUTCH STATE AND THE ROOM		
4.	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE						2017		2016
	Waste management fees receiva Allowance for doubtful accounts	ble				\$	1,647,341 (676,082)	\$	1,339,596 (489,111
1-200	DAKKAN BALLING LINGSON BERKAN BUNGAN (1908) BIKAN BARNESI PENGUNYAN 1942-YAN PENGUNYAN ANGARAK PENGUNYAN BARNESI PENGUNYAN BARNESI PENGUNYAN BARNESI PENGUNYAN BARNESI PENGUNY					\$	971,259	\$	850,485
oficials		-21454413441				este tempe		an are w	
5.	TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS		Cost		ccumulated mortization	ı	2017 Net book value		2016 Net book value
	Land Buildings Computer equipment Computer software Furniture and equipment Heavy equipment Heavy equipment under capital	\$	1,014,669 1,427,037 34,669 5,544 87,835 4,381,634	\$	111,188 32,716 5,544 44,271 2,245,419	\$	1,014,669 1,315,849 1,953 - 43,564 2,136,215	\$	724,417 1,370,676 2,651 528 33,812 2,247,301
	lease Leasehold improvements Motor vehicles		874,864 3,106 268,649		749,881 2,174 180,167		124,983 932 88,482	***********	178,547 1,553 126,403
	TOTA A I BOTA A E DI SELOTE DE LA SERVETTO DE LA CONTRACTO DE LA CONTRACTO DE LA CONTRACTO DE LA CONTRACTO DE	\$	8,098,007	\$	3,371,360	\$	4,726,647	\$	4,685,888
	ALAREA SERVINA VII AND			tion and the same		American			
_	ACCOUNTS PAYABLE						2017		2016
3 .									
6.	Trade payables Other accruals					\$	351,215 227,013	\$	400,311 168,841

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2017

7. DEFERRED REVENUE

	2017	 2016
Deferred income - beginning of year 2018 Tipping fees from City of St. John's	\$ 1,313,472 836,849	\$ 2,544,758 -
Revenue recognized for government funded capital assets	(609,950)	(489,520)
Funding overpayment from City of St. John's - prior year	-	(715,941)
Regional Water/Wastewater Operator	-	19,375
Regional Water/Wastewater Operator prior year	-	(45,200)
	\$ 1,540,371	\$ 1,313,472

In 2015, the organization received government funding in the amount of \$1,794,915 for the construction and engineering of waste recovery facilities, costs associated with the closure of various dump sites previously used in the eastern region, construction and engineering of the Clarenville Transfer Station, and the purchase of land in Whitbourne where the organization is planning to build a depot for its trucks near the Whitbourne waste recovery facility. This deferred income will be recognized as revenue when spent on approved projects.

During the year, the organization also received \$77,500 from the Provincial government to fund a Regional Water/Wastewater Operator Pilot Program. At December 31, 2017, \$19,375 of this funding remained unspent and is included in the opening balance of \$1,313,472.

ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

		2017	2016
The accumulated suplus consists of fund surplus and reserves as	follov	ws:	
Invested in tangible capital assets	\$	4,726,647	\$ 4,685,888
Captial reserve - Regional		856,234	536,234
Capital reserve - Curbside		280,000	130,000
Operational reserve		1,319,200	969,200
Unappropriated surplus		2,125,324	2,101,718
	\$	9,307,405	\$ 8,423,040

9. TIPPING FEES

The Government of Newfoundland and Labrador has officially designated the Robin Hood Bay Waste Management Facility, which is owned and operated by the City of St. John's, as the site for the Eastern Region's Integrated Waste Management Facility. Eastern Regional Service Board contracts with the City of St. John's to provide waste disposal services for other municipalities in the Eastern Region.

Tipping fees charged per tonne at the Robin Hood Bay Waste Management Facility are determined annually by Eastern Regional Service Board based on estimated tonnage and budgeted costs to operate both Eastern Regional Service Board and the Robin Hood Bay Waste Management Facility. Operational funding is provided to Eastern Regional Service Board from tipping fees collected from facility users to the extent required in its annual budget.

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2017

10. OBLIGATIONS UNDER CAPITAL LEASE	2017	2016
TD Equipment Finance lease bearing interest at 4.78% per annum, repayable in monthly blended payments of \$12,274. The lease matures on November 1, 2019 and is secured by equipment.	\$ 257,754	\$ 388,905
		amaaaaa
Future minimum capital lease payments are approximately:		
2018 2019	\$ 147,289 110,465	
Total minimum lease payments	\$ 257,754	

11. LEASE COMMITMENTS

The organization has a long term lease with respect to its premises, which expired April 1, 2017. A new 5 year lease was then signed which expires March 31, 2022. Future minimum lease payments, excluding HST, as at December 31, 2017, are as follows:

2018	\$ 77,012
2019	77,012
2020	77,012
2021	77,012
2022	\$ 77,012

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The organization is exposed to various risks through its financial instruments and has a comprehensive risk management framework to monitor, evaluate and manage these risks. The following analysis provides information about the organization's risk exposure and concentration as of December 31, 2017.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk arises from the potential that a counter party will fail to perform its obligations. The organization is exposed to credit risk from customers. In order to reduce its credit risk, the organization reviews a new customer's credit history before extending credit and conducts regular reviews of its existing customers' credit performance. An allowance for doubtful accounts is established based upon factors surrounding the credit risk of specific accounts, historical trends and other information. The organization has a significant number of customers which minimizes concentration of credit risk.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that an entity will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its receipt of funds from its customers and other related sources, long-term debt, obligations under capital leases, contributions to the pension plan, and accounts payable.

(continues)

Notes to Financial Statements

Year Ended December 31, 2017

12. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS (continued)

(c) Market risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency rate risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

Unless otherwise noted, it is management's opinion that the organization is not exposed to significant other price risks arising from these financial instruments.

13.	EXPENSES BY OBJECT		
		2017	2016
	Advertising and promotion	\$ 74,113	\$ 139,472
	Amortization	932,244	935,311
	Bad debts	186,971	209,236
	Business taxes, licenses and memberships	33,166	19,497
	Directors fees	86,355	97,355
	Insurance	106,215	86,824
	Interest and bank charges	41,399	35,115
	Interest on obligations under capital lease	16,137	22,250
	Office	54,777	53,400
	Professional fees	115,495	66,778
	Regional travel and professional development	48,851	72,544
	Regional waste management operations	359,671	176,889
	Rental	139,487	150,880
	Repairs and maintenance	44,456	40,719
	Salaries and wages	2,045,098	2,003,296
	Telephone	40,590	37,455
	Training	28,690	57,545
	Tipping fees	327,451	284,683
	Vehicle	1,017,129	836,514
	Waste collection operations	3,155,927	3,357,931
	Waste recovery facilities - site development	 309,154	247,496
		\$ 9,163,376	\$ 8,931,190

14. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Some of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's presentation.